## **HOUSE BILL No. 1573**

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 6-6; IC 9-13-2; IC 9-18; IC 9-19; IC 9-20-2-2; IC 9-21; IC 9-24-1-7; IC 9-29-5; IC 13-11-2-245; IC 26-1-9.1-311.

Synopsis: Agricultural vehicles and excise tax issues. Reduces the annual excise tax for a certain vehicles used in farming operations from 50% to 25% of the amount for other vehicles of the same declared gross weight. Provides that for purposes of determining the annual excise tax for a commercial vehicle, growth in the base year is determined by the lesser of the assessed value growth quotient or 105%. Changes the defined term "implement of husbandry" to "implement of agriculture" for purposes of the motor vehicle code, and requires the bureau of motor vehicles (bureau) to determine categories of implements of agriculture by rule. Redefines the term "farm tractor" for purposes of the motor vehicle code. Defines "special machinery" and sets a fee for registration. Provides that certain motor vehicles may be operated and registered as farm trucks, farm trailers, or farm semitrailers and tractors if not used for certain commercial enterprises. Makes it a Class C infraction (and a Class B infraction for a second offense within three years) to operate or own a farm truck, farm trailer, or farm semitrailer and tractor if the vehicle is used for certain commercial enterprises. Requires the bureau to adopt rules to identify and define "farm truck", "farm trailer", and "farm semitrailer and tractor". Prohibits a police officer from impounding certain farm products when a vehicle is discovered in violation of registration requirements, and removes the penalty against an officer for a reckless violation of this provision. Revises the exclusion of certain garden tractors from the application of the waste tire management fund fee. Repeals the definitions of "farm machinery", "farm tractor used in transportation", and "special farm machinery", and repeals references (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2005.

# Cherry, Van Haaften, Stutzman, Grubb

January 18, 2005, read first time and referred to Committee on Roads and Transportation.



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to those terms within the motor vehicle code. Deletes an obsolete reference to a financing statement for a farm tractor. Repeals the license fee for certain vehicles used in farming operations. Makes conforming amendments.





#### Introduced

### First Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2005)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2004 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

# **HOUSE BILL No. 1573**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-6-1.1-903 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 903. (a) A person is
3	entitled to a refund of gasoline tax paid on gasoline purchased or used
4	for the following purposes:
_	(1) 0

- (1) Operating stationary gas engines.
- (2) Operating equipment mounted on motor vehicles, whether or not operated by the engine propelling the motor vehicle.
- (3) Operating a tractor used for agricultural purposes.
- (3.1) Operating implements of husbandry agriculture (as defined in IC 9-13-2-77).
- (4) Operating motorboats or aircraft. 11
  - (5) Cleaning or dyeing.

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- (6) Other commercial use, except propelling motor vehicles operated in whole or in part on an Indiana public highway.
- 15 (7) Operating a taxicab (as defined in section 103 of this chapter).



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(b) If a refund is not issued within ninety (90) days of filing of the verified statement and all supplemental information required by IC 6-6-1.1-904.1, the department shall pay interest at the rate established by IC 6-8.1-9 computed from the date of filing of the verified statement and all supplemental information required by the department until a date determined by the administrator that does not precede by more than thirty (30) days the date on which the refund is made.
SECTION 2. IC 6-6-5.5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 7. (a) For calendar
years that begin after December 31, 2000, the annual excise tax for a
commercial vehicle will be determined by the motor carrier services
division on or before October 1 of each year in accordance with the
following formula:
STEP ONE: Determine the total amount of base revenue to be
distributed from the commercial vehicle excise tax fund to all
taxing units in Indiana during the calendar year for which the tax
is first due and payable. For calendar year 2001, the total amount
of base revenue for all taxing units shall be determined as
provided in section 19 of this chapter. For calendar years that
begin after December 31, 2001, and end before January 1,
2006, the total amount of base revenue for all taxing units shall be
determined by multiplying the previous year's base revenue for all
taxing units by one hundred five percent (105%). For calendar
years that begin after December 31, 2005, the total amount of

multiplying the previous year's base revenue by the lesser of:
(A) the assessed value growth quotient determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the calendar year; or

base revenue for all taxing units shall be determined by

### (B) one hundred five percent (105%).

STEP TWO: Determine the sum of fees paid to register the following commercial vehicles in Indiana under the following statutes during the fiscal year that ends June 30 immediately preceding the calendar year for which the tax is first due and payable:

- (A) Total registration fees collected under IC 9-29-5-3 for commercial vehicles with a declared gross weight in excess of eleven thousand (11,000) pounds, including trucks, tractors not used with semitrailers, traction engines, and other similar vehicles used for hauling purposes;
- (B) Total registration fees collected under IC 9-29-5-5 for tractors used with semitrailers;



1	(C) Total registration fees collected under IC 9-29-5-6 for
2	semitrailers used with tractors;
3	(D) Total registration fees collected under IC 9-29-5-4 for
4	trailers having a declared gross weight in excess of three
5	thousand (3,000) pounds; and
6	(E) Total registration fees collected under IC 9-29-5-13 for
7	trucks, tractors and semitrailers used in connection with
8	agricultural pursuits usual and normal to the user's farming
9	operation, multiplied by two hundred fifty percent (200%);
10	(50%).
11	STEP THREE: Determine the tax factor by dividing the STEP
12	ONE result by the STEP TWO result.
13	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the annual excise
14	tax for commercial vehicles with a declared gross weight in excess of
15	eleven thousand (11,000) pounds, including trucks, tractors not used
16	with semitrailers, traction engines, and other similar vehicles used for
17	hauling purposes, shall be determined by multiplying the registration
18	fee under IC 9-29-5-3 by the tax factor determined in subsection (a).
19	(c) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the annual excise
20	tax for tractors used with semitrailers shall be determined by
21	multiplying the registration fee under IC 9-29-5-5 by the tax factor
22	determined in subsection (a).
23	(d) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the annual excise
24	tax for trailers having a declared gross weight in excess of three
25	thousand (3,000) pounds shall be determined by multiplying the
26	registration fee under IC 9-29-5-4 by the tax factor determined in
27	subsection (a).
28	(e) The annual excise tax for a semitrailer shall be determined by
29	multiplying the average annual registration fee under IC 9-29-5-6 by
30	the tax factor determined in subsection (a). The average annual
31	registration fee for a semitrailer under IC 9-29-5-6 is sixteen dollars
32	and seventy-five cents (\$16.75).
33	(f) The annual excise tax determined under this section shall be
34	rounded upward to the next full dollar amount.
35	SECTION 3. IC 6-6-5.5-7.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This
37	subsection applies before January 1, 2006. Notwithstanding any
38	other provision, the annual excise tax for a motor vehicle, trailer, or
39	semitrailer and tractor operated primarily as a farm truck, farm trailer,
40	or farm semitrailer and tractor as described in IC 9-29-5-13 is fifty
41	percent (50%) of the amount listed in this chapter for a truck, trailer, or

semitrailer and tractor of the same declared gross weight.



(b)	This	subse	ection	appli	es af	ter	Decer	nber	31,	2005.
Notwit	hstand	ling ar	y oth	er prov	ision,	the a	annua	l exci	ise tax	x for a
motor	vehic	le, tra	iler,	or sen	nitrai	ler a	ınd t	racto	r op	erated
primar	ily as	a farn	ı truc	k, farm	trail	er, or	farn	sem	itraile	er and
tractor	as des	scribe	l in IC	9-29-5	5-13 is	twei	nty-fiv	e pei	cent	(25%)
of the	amoun	ıt liste	d in t	his cha	pter	for a	moto	r vel	icle,	truck,
trailer,	or se	mitra	iler aı	ıd trac	tor o	f the	sam	e dec	lared	gross
weight	•									
SEC	TION	4. IC	6-6-	5.5-19	IS A	MEN	IDED	TO	REA	D AS

SECTION 4. IC 6-6-5.5-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 19. (a) As used in this section, "assessed value" means an amount equal to the true tax value of commercial vehicles that:

- (1) are subject to the commercial vehicle excise tax under this chapter; and
- (2) would have been subject to assessment as personal property on March 1, 2000, under the law in effect before January 1, 2000.
- (b) For calendar year 2001, a taxing unit's base revenue shall be determined as provided in subsection (f). For calendar years that begin after December 31, 2001, and end before January 1, 2006, a taxing unit's base revenue shall be determined by multiplying the previous year's base revenue by one hundred five percent (105%). For calendar years that begin after December 31, 2005, a taxing unit's base revenue shall be determined under section 7(a) of this chapter.
- (c) The amount of commercial vehicle excise tax distributed to the taxing units of Indiana from the commercial vehicle excise tax fund shall be determined in the manner provided in this section. On or before June 1, 2000, each township assessor of a county shall deliver to the county assessor a list that states by taxing district the total assessed value as shown on the information returns filed with the assessor on or before May 15, 2000.
- (d) On or before July 1, 2000, each county assessor shall certify to the county auditor the assessed value of commercial vehicles in every taxing district.
- (e) On or before August 1, 2000, the county auditor shall certify the following to the department of local government finance:
  - (1) The total assessed value of commercial vehicles in the county.
  - (2) The total assessed value of commercial vehicles in each taxing district of the county.
- (f) The department of local government finance shall determine each taxing unit's base revenue by applying the current tax rate for each taxing district to the certified assessed value from each taxing district. The department of local government finance shall also determine the



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1	following:
2	(1) The total amount of base revenue to be distributed from the
3	commercial vehicle excise tax fund in 2001 to all taxing units in
4	Indiana.
5	(2) The total amount of base revenue to be distributed from the
6	commercial vehicle excise tax fund in 2001 to all taxing units in
7	each county.
8	(3) Each county's total distribution percentage. A county's total
9	distribution percentage shall be determined by dividing the total
10	amount of base revenue to be distributed in 2001 to all taxing
11	units in the county by the total base revenue to be distributed
12	statewide.
13	(4) Each taxing unit's distribution percentage. A taxing unit's
14	distribution percentage shall be determined by dividing each
15	taxing unit's base revenue by the total amount of base revenue to
16	be distributed in 2001 to all taxing units in the county.
17	(g) The department of local government finance shall certify each
18	taxing unit's base revenue and distribution percentage for calendar year
19	2001 to the auditor of state on or before September 1, 2000.
20	(h) The auditor of state shall keep permanent records of each taxing
21	unit's base revenue and distribution percentage for calendar year 2001
22	for purposes of determining the amount of money each taxing unit in
23	Indiana is entitled to receive in calendar years that begin after
24	December 31, 2001.
25	SECTION 5. IC 9-13-2-56 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 56. (a) "Farm tractor"
27	means except as provided in subsection (b), a motor vehicle designed
28	and used primarily as a farm implement for drawing farm machinery
29	including plows, mowing machines, harvesters, and other implements
30	of husbandry, agriculture used on a farm and, when using the
31	highways, in traveling from one (1) field or farm to another or to or
32	from places of repairs. The term includes a wagon, trailer, or other
33	vehicle pulled by a farm tractor.
34	(b) "Farm tractor", for purposes of IC 9-21, means a motor vehicle
35	designed and used primarily as a farm implement for drawing plows,
36	mowing machines, and other implements of husbandry.
37	SECTION 6. IC 9-13-2-60 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 60. "Farm wagon"
39	means a wagon, other than an implement of husbandry, agriculture,
40	used primarily for transporting farm products and farm supplies in
41	connection with a farming operation.
42	SECTION 7. IC 9-13-2-77 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 77. (a) "Implement of
2	husbandry" agriculture" means special farm machinery, farm
3	machinery, and other agricultural implements, pull type and
4	self-propelled, equipment used for the: transportation and
5	(1) transport;
6	(2) delivery; or
7	(3) application;
8	of plant food materials or agricultural chemicals crop inputs,
9	including seed, fertilizers, and crop protection products, and
10	vehicles designed to transport farm these types of agricultural
11	implements.
12	(b) The bureau shall determine by rule under IC 4-22-2 whether
13	a category of implement of agriculture was designed to be operated
14	primarily:
15	(1) in a farm field or on farm premises; or
16	(2) on a highway.
17	SECTION 8. IC 9-13-2-105 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 105. (a) "Motor
19	vehicle" means, except as otherwise provided in this section, a vehicle
20	that is self-propelled. The term does not include a farm tractor, an
21	implement of husbandry, agriculture designed to be operated
22	primarily in a farm field or on farm premises, or an electric personal
23	assistive mobility device.
24	(b) "Motor vehicle", for purposes of IC 9-21, means:
25	(1) a vehicle except a motorized bicycle that is self-propelled; or
26	(2) a vehicle that is propelled by electric power obtained from
27	overhead trolley wires, but not operated upon rails.
28	(c) "Motor vehicle", for purposes of IC 9-19-10.5 and IC 9-25,
29	means a vehicle that is self-propelled upon a highway in Indiana. The
30	term does not include a farm tractor.
31	(d) "Motor vehicle", for purposes of IC 9-30-10, does not include a
32	motorized bicycle.
33	SECTION 9. IC 9-13-2-170.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
34	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 170.3. "Special machinery"
36	means a portable saw mill or well drilling machinery.
37	SECTION 10. IC 9-13-2-180 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 180. "Tractor" means
39	a motor vehicle designed and used primarily for drawing or propelling
40	trailers, semitrailers, or vehicles of any kind. The term does not include



the following:

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(1) A farm tractor.

1	(2) A farm tractor used in transportation.
2	(3) (2) A tractor that is used exclusively for drawing a passenger
3	carrying semitrailer.
4	SECTION 11. IC 9-13-2-188 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 188. (a) "Truck" means
6	a motor vehicle designed, used, or maintained primarily for the
7	transportation of property.
8	(b) "Truck", for purposes of IC 9-21-8-3, includes the following:
9	(1) A motor vehicle designed and used primarily for drawing
10	another vehicle and constructed to carry a load other than a part
11	of the weight of the vehicle and load so drawn.
12	(2) A motor vehicle designed and used primarily as a farm
13	implement for drawing plows, mowing machines, and other
14	implements of <del>husbandry.</del> agriculture.
15	SECTION 12. IC 9-13-2-196 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 196. (a) "Vehicle"
17	means, except as otherwise provided in this section, a device in, upon,
18	or by which a person or property is, or may be, transported or drawn
19	upon a highway.
20	(b) "Vehicle", for purposes of IC 9-14 through IC 9-18, does not
21	include the following:
22	(1) A device moved by human power.
23	(2) A vehicle that runs only on rails or tracks.
24	(3) A vehicle propelled by electric power obtained from overhead
25	trolley wires but not operated upon rails or tracks.
26	(4) A firetruck and apparatus owned by a person or municipal
27	division of the state and used for fire protection.
28	(5) A municipally owned ambulance.
29	(6) A police patrol wagon.
30	(7) A vehicle not designed for or employed in general highway
31	transportation of persons or property and occasionally operated or
32	moved over the highway, including the following:
33	(A) Road construction or maintenance machinery.
34	(B) A movable device designed, used, or maintained to alert
35	motorists of hazardous conditions on highways.
36	(C) Construction dust control machinery.
37	(D) Well boring apparatus.
38	(E) Ditch digging apparatus.
39	(F) An implement of husbandry. agriculture designed to be
40	operated primarily in a farm field or on farm premises.
41	(G) An invalid chair.
	(G) I'm mvana chan:



1	(8) An electric personal assistive mobility device.
2	(c) For purposes of IC 9-20 and IC 9-21, the term does not include
3	devices moved by human power or used exclusively upon stationary
4	rails or tracks.
5	(d) For purposes of IC 9-22, the term refers to an automobile, a
6	motorcycle, a truck, a trailer, a semitrailer, a tractor, a bus, a school
7	bus, a recreational vehicle, or a motorized bicycle.
8	(e) For purposes of IC 9-30-5, IC 9-30-6, IC 9-30-8, and IC 9-30-9,
9	the term means a device for transportation by land or air. The term does
10	not include an electric personal assistive mobility device.
11	SECTION 13. IC 9-18-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. This article does not
13	apply to the following:
14	(1) Farm wagons.
15	(2) Farm tractors.
16	(3) Farm machinery.
17	(4) (3) A new motor vehicle if the new motor vehicle is being
18	operated in Indiana solely to remove it from an accident site to a
19	storage location because:
20	(A) the new motor vehicle was being transported on a railroad
21	car or semitrailer; and
22	(B) the railroad car or semitrailer was involved in an accident
23	that required the unloading of the new motor vehicle to
24	preserve or prevent further damage to it.
25	(4) An implement of agriculture designed to be operated
26	primarily in a farm field or on farm premises.
27	SECTION 14. IC 9-18-2-26 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 26. (a) License plates
29	shall be displayed as follows:
30	(1) For a motorcycle, trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle,
31	upon the rear of the vehicle.
32	(2) For a farm tractor or tractor, upon the front of the vehicle.
33	(3) For every other vehicle, upon the rear of the vehicle.
34	(b) A license plate shall be securely fastened, in a horizontal
35	position, to the vehicle for which the plate is issued:
36	(1) to prevent the license plate from swinging;
37	(2) at a height of at least twelve (12) inches from the ground,
38	measuring from the bottom of the license plate;
39	(3) in a place and position that are clearly visible;
40	(4) maintained free from foreign materials and in a condition to
41	be clearly legible; and
42	(5) not obstructed or obscured by tires, bumpers, accessories, or



1	other opaque objects.	
2	(c) The bureau may adopt rules the bureau considers advisable to	
3	enforce the proper mounting and securing of license plates on vehicles	
4	consistent with this chapter.	
5	SECTION 15. IC 9-18-2-29 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 29. Except as otherwise	
7	provided, before:	
8	(1) a motor vehicle;	
9	(2) a motorcycle;	
10	(3) a truck;	4
11	(4) a trailer;	
12	(5) a semitrailer;	
13	(6) a tractor;	
14	(7) an implement of husbandry or a farm tractor used in	
15	transportation;	
16	(8) (7) a bus;	
17	(9) (8) a school bus;	J
18	(10) (9) a recreational vehicle; or	
19	(11) (10) special farm machinery;	
20	is operated or driven on a highway, the person who owns the vehicle	
21	must register the vehicle with the bureau and pay the applicable	
22	registration fee.	
23	SECTION 16. IC 9-18-2-29.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
24	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	_
25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 29.5. Before a piece of special	
26	machinery is operated off a highway or in a farm field, the person	_
27	who owns the piece of special machinery must:	- 1
28	(1) register the piece of special machinery with the bureau;	
29	and	
30	(2) pay the applicable registration fee.	
31	SECTION 17. IC 9-18-2-43 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 43. (a) Notwithstanding	
33	any law to the contrary but except as provided in subsection (b), a law	
34	enforcement officer authorized to enforce motor vehicle laws who	
35	discovers a vehicle required to be registered under this article that does	
36	not have the proper certificate of registration or license plate:	
37	(1) shall take the vehicle into the officer's custody; and	
38	(2) may cause the vehicle to be taken to and stored in a suitable	
39	place until:	
40	(A) the legal owner of the vehicle can be found; or	
41	(B) the proper certificate of registration and license plates	
42	have been procured.	



1	(b) A law enforcement officer who discovers a vehicle in violation	
2	of the registration provisions of this article has discretion in the	
3	impoundment of may not impound any of the following:	
4	(1) Perishable commodities.	
5	(2) Livestock.	
6	(c) A person who recklessly violates this section commits a Class A	
7	misdemeanor.	
8	SECTION 18. IC 9-19-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as	
10	provided in subsections subsection (b) through (c) and as otherwise	
11	provided in this chapter, this article does not apply to the following	
12	with respect to equipment on vehicles:	
13	(1) Implements of husbandry. agriculture designed to be	
14	operated primarily in a farm field or on farm premises.	
15	(2) Road machinery.	
16	(3) Road rollers.	
17	(4) Farm tractors.	
18	(5) Vehicle chassis that:	
19	(A) are a part of a vehicle manufacturer's work in process; and	
20	(B) are driven under this subdivision only for a distance of less	
21	than one (1) mile.	<b>E4</b>
22	(b) A farm type dry or liquid fertilizer tank trailer or spreader that	
23	is drawn or towed on a highway by:	
24	(1) a farm tractor; or	
25	(2) a motor vehicle at a speed not greater than thirty (30) miles	
26	<del>per hour;</del>	
27	is considered an implement of husbandry with respect to equipment	
28	requirements and all the requirements of this article regarding lamps	N Y
29	on combinations, including farm tractors, apply.	
30	(c) (b) A farm type dry or liquid fertilizer tank trailer or spreader	
31	that is drawn or towed on a highway by a motor vehicle other than a	
32	farm tractor at a speed greater than thirty (30) miles per hour is	
33	considered a trailer for equipment requirement purposes and all	
34	equipment requirements concerning trailers apply.	
35	SECTION 19. IC 9-19-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. Sections 4 through	
37	5 of this chapter and IC 9-19-4-3, IC 9-19-4-4, and IC 9-19-5-7:	
38	(1) do not apply to:	
39	(A) machinery or equipment used in highway construction or	
40	maintenance by the Indiana department of transportation,	
41	counties, or municipalities;	
42	(B) farm drainage machinery;	



1	(C) implements of husbandry agriculture when used during	
2	farming operations or when so constructed so that they can be	
3	moved without material damage to the highways; or	
4	(D) firefighting apparatus owned or operated by a political	
5	subdivision or a volunteer fire department (as defined in	
6	<del>IC 36-8-12-1);</del> <b>IC 36-8-12-2);</b> and	
7	(2) do not limit the width or height of farm vehicles when loaded	
8	with farm products.	
9	SECTION 20. IC 9-19-6-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 11. (a) A farm tractor	
11	and a self-propelled farm equipment unit or an implement of husbandry	
12	agriculture designed to be operated primarily in a farm field or on	
13	farm premises, when operated on a highway and not equipped with	
14	an electric lighting system must, at all times required by IC 9-21-7-2,	
15	be equipped with the following:	
16	(1) At least one (1) lamp displaying a white light visible from a	
17	distance of not less than five hundred (500) feet to the front of the	
18	vehicle.	
19	(2) At least one (1) lamp displaying a red light visible from a	
20	distance of not less than five hundred (500) feet to the rear of the	
21	vehicle.	
22	(3) Two (2) red reflectors visible from a distance of one hundred	
23	(100) feet to six hundred (600) feet to the rear when illuminated	
24	by the upper beams of head lamps.	
25	The lights required by this subsection must be positioned so that one	
26	(1) lamp showing to the front and one (1) lamp or reflector showing to	
27	the rear will indicate the furthest projection of the tractor, unit, or	
28	implement on the side of the road used in passing the vehicle.	
29	(b) A combination of farm tractor and towed unit of farm equipment	
30	or implement of husbandry agriculture designed to be operated	
31	primarily in a farm field or on farm premises, when operated on a	
32	highway and not equipped with an electric lighting system must, at all	
33	times required by IC 9-21-7-2, be equipped with two (2) red reflectors	
34	that meet the following requirements:	
35	(1) Are visible from a distance of one hundred (100) feet to six	
36	hundred (600) feet to the rear when illuminated by the upper	
37	beams of head lamps.	
38	(2) Are mounted in a manner so as to indicate as nearly as	
39	practicable the extreme left and right rear projections of the towed	
40	unit or implement on the highway.	
41	(c) A farm tractor and a self-propelled unit of farm equipment or an	
42	implement of husbandry agriculture designed to be operated	



1	primarily in a farm field or on farm premises, when operated on a	
2	highway and equipped with an electric lighting system must, at all	
3	times required by IC 9-21-7-2, be equipped with the following:	
4	(1) Two (2) single-beam or multiple-beam head lamps meeting	
5	the requirements of section 20 or 21 of this chapter or	
6	IC 9-21-7-9.	
7	(2) Two (2) red lamps visible from a distance of not less than five	
8	hundred (500) feet to the rear, or in the alternative, one (1) red	
9	lamp visible from a distance of not less than five hundred (500)	
10	feet to the rear and two (2) red reflectors visible from a distance	1
11	of one hundred (100) feet to six hundred (600) feet to the rear	1
12	when illuminated by the upper beams of head lamps.	
13	The red lamps or reflectors must be mounted in the rear of the farm	
14	tractor or self-propelled implement of husbandry agriculture so as to	
15	indicate as nearly as practicable the extreme left and right projections	
16	of the vehicle on the highways.	1
17	(d) A combination of farm tractor and towed farm equipment or	•
18	towed implement of husbandry agriculture designed to be operated	
19	primarily in a farm field or on farm premises, when operated on a	
20	highway and equipped with an electric lighting system must, at all	
21	times required by IC 9-21-7-2, be equipped as follows:	I
22	(1) The farm tractor element of each combination must be	
23	equipped with two (2) single-beam or multiple-beam head lamps	
24	meeting the requirements of section 20 or 21 of this chapter or	•
25	IC 9-21-7-9.	
26	(2) The towed unit of farm equipment or implement of husbandry	_
27	agriculture element of each combination must be equipped with	1
28	the following:	
29	(A) Two (2) red lamps visible from a distance of not less than	
30	five hundred (500) feet to the rear, or as an alternative, one (1)	
31	red lamp visible from a distance of not less than five hundred	
32	(500) feet to the rear.	
33	(B) Two (2) red reflectors visible from a distance of one	
34	hundred (100) feet to six hundred (600) feet to the rear when	
35	illuminated by the upper beams of head lamps.	
36	The red lamps or reflectors must be located so as to indicate as	
37	nearly as practicable the extreme left and right rear projections of	
38	the towed unit or implement on the highway.	
39	(3) A combination of farm tractor and towed farm equipment or	
40	towed implement of husbandry agriculture equipped with an	
41	electric lighting system must be equipped with the following:	
42	(A) A lamp displaying a white or an amber light, or any shade	



1	of color between white and amber, visible from a distance of
2	not less than five hundred (500) feet to the front.
3	(B) A lamp displaying a red light visible from a distance of not
4	less than five hundred (500) feet to the rear.
5	The lamps must be installed or capable of being positioned so as
6	to indicate to the front and rear the furthest projection of that
7	combination on the side of the road used by other vehicles in
8	passing that combination.
9	(e) A farm tractor, a self-propelled farm equipment unit, or an
10	implement of husbandry agriculture must not display blinding field or
11	flood lights when operated on a highway.
12	(f) All rear lighting requirements may be satisfied by having a
13	vehicle with flashing lights immediately trail farm equipment in
14	accordance with IC 9-21-7-11.
15	SECTION 21. IC 9-19-18-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as
17	provided in subsections (b) through (d), a tire on a vehicle moved on
18	a highway may not have on the tire's periphery a block, stud, flange,
19	cleat, or spike or any other protuberance of any material other than
20	rubber that projects beyond the tread of the traction surface of the tire.
21	(b) Farm machinery Implements of agriculture may use tires
22	having protuberances that will not injure the highway.
23	(c) Tire chains of reasonable proportions may be used upon a
24	vehicle when required for safety because of snow, ice, or other
25	conditions tending to cause a vehicle to skid.
26	(d) From October 1 to the following May 1, a vehicle may use tires
27	in which have been inserted ice grips or tire studs of wear-resisting
28	material, installed in a manner that provides resiliency upon contact
29	with the road, with projections that do not exceed three thirty-seconds
30	(3/32) of an inch beyond the tread of the traction surface of the tire, and
31	constructed to prevent any appreciable damage to the road surface.
32	SECTION 22. IC 9-19-18-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4. The Indiana
34	department of transportation and local authorities in their respective
35	jurisdictions may in their discretion issue special permits authorizing
36	the operation upon a highway of:
37	(1) traction engines; or
38	(2) tractors having movable tracks with transverse corrugations
39	upon the periphery of movable tracks; or
40	(3) farm tractors or other farm machinery, implements of
41	agriculture designed to be operated primarily in a farm field
42	or on farm premises;



1	the operation of which upon a highway would otherwise be prohibited
2	under this chapter.
3	SECTION 23. IC 9-20-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this
5	section, "farm vehicle loaded with a farm product" includes a truck
6	hauling unprocessed leaf tobacco.
7	(b) Except for interstate highway travel, this article does not apply
8	to the following:
9	(1) Machinery or equipment used in highway construction or
10	maintenance by the Indiana department of transportation,
11	counties, or municipalities.
12	(2) Farm drainage machinery.
13	(3) (2) Implements of husbandry agriculture when used during
14	farming operations or when so constructed so that the implements
15	can be moved without material damage to the highways.
16	(c) This article does not apply to firefighting apparatus owned or
17	operated by a political subdivision or volunteer fire department (as
18	defined in IC 36-8-12-2).
19	(d) Except for interstate highway travel, this article does not limit
20	the width or height of a farm vehicle loaded with a farm product.
21	SECTION 24. IC 9-21-8-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 27. (a) Except as
23	provided in subsection (b), a stop or turn signal required under this
24	chapter may be given by means of the hand and arm or by a signal lamp
25	or lamps or mechanical signal device.
26	(b) This subsection does not apply to farm tractors and implements
27	of agriculture designed to be operated primarily in a farm field or
28	on farm premises. A motor vehicle in use on a highway must be
29	equipped with and a required signal shall be given by a signal lamp or
30	lamps or mechanical signal device when either of the following
31	conditions exist:
32	(1) The distance from the center of the top of the steering post to
33	the left outside limit of the body, cab, or load of the motor vehicle
34	exceeds twenty-four (24) inches.
35	(2) The distance from the center of the top of the steering post to
36	the rear limit of the body or load of the motor vehicle exceeds
37	fourteen (14) feet. This measurement applies to a single vehicle
38	and a combination of vehicles.
39	SECTION 25. IC 9-21-8-46 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 46. A person may not
41	drive or operate:
12	(1) an implement of husbandry agriculture designed to be



1	operated primarily in a farm field or on farm premises; or
2	(2) a piece of special machinery;
3	upon any part of an interstate highway.
4	SECTION 26. IC 9-21-8-47 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 47. The following
6	vehicles must be moved or operated so as to avoid any material damage
7	to the highway or unreasonable interference with other highway traffic:
3	(1) Machinery or equipment used in highway construction or
)	maintenance by the Indiana department of transportation,
	counties, or municipalities.
	(2) Farm drainage machinery.
	(3) Implements of <del>husbandry.</del> agriculture.
	(4) Firefighting apparatus owned or operated by a political
	subdivision or a volunteer fire department (as defined in
	IC 36-8-12-2).
	(5) Farm vehicles loaded with farm products.
	SECTION 27. IC 9-21-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
	JULY 1, 2005]:
	Chapter 21. Farm Vehicles Involved in Commercial Enterprises
	Sec. 1. A motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer and tractor may
	be operated primarily as a farm truck, farm trailer, or farm
	semitrailer and tractor if the vehicle meets the specifications set
	forth in IC 9-29-5-13(b).
	Sec. 2. A farm truck, farm trailer, or farm semitrailer and
	tractor described in section 1 of this chapter may not be operated:
	(1) part time or incidentally in the conduct of a commercial
	enterprise; or
	(2) for the transportation of farm products after the
	commodities have entered the channels of commerce.
	Sec. 3. A farm truck described in section 1 of this chapter may
	be used for personal purposes if the vehicle otherwise qualifies for
	that class of registration.
	Sec. 4. If the owner of a farm truck, farm trailer, or farm
	semitrailer and tractor described in section 1 of this chapter begins
	to operate the farm truck, farm trailer, or farm semitrailer and
	tractor or permits the farm truck, farm trailer, or farm semitrailer
	and tractor to be operated:
	(1) in the conduct of a commercial enterprise; or
	(2) for the transportation of farm products after the
	commodities have entered the channels of commerce during
	a registration year for which the license fee under



1	IC 9-29-5-13 has been paid;	
2	the owner shall pay the amount computed under IC 9-29-5-13.5	
3	due for the remainder of the registration year for the license fee.	
4	Sec. 5. In addition to the penalty provided in section 7 of this	
5	chapter, a person that operates a vehicle or allows a vehicle that	
6	the person owns to be operated when the vehicle is:	
7	(1) registered under this chapter as a farm truck, farm trailer,	
8	or farm semitrailer and tractor; and	
9	(2) operated as set forth in section 4 of this chapter;	_
0	commits a Class C infraction. However, the offense is a Class B	
.1	infraction if, within the three (3) years preceding the commission	
2	of the offense, the person had a prior unrelated judgment under	
.3	this section.	
4	Sec. 6. For purposes of this chapter, the operation of a vehicle	
.5	in violation of section 4 of this chapter is a continuing offense and	
6	the venue for prosecution lies in a county in which the unlawful	
7	operation occurred. However, a:	
8	(1) judgment against; or	
9	(2) finding by the court for;	
20	the owner or operator bars a prosecution in another county.	
21	Sec. 7. (a) A police officer who discovers a vehicle registered	
22	under this chapter as a farm truck, farm trailer, or farm	
23	semitrailer and tractor that is being operated as set forth in section	
24	4 of this chapter:	
25	(1) may take the vehicle into the police officer's custody; and	
26	(2) may cause the vehicle to be taken to and stored in a	
27	suitable place until:	
28	(A) the legal owner of the vehicle can be found; or	V
29	(B) the proper certificate of registration and license plates	J
0	have been procured and the amount computed under	
31	IC 9-29-5-13.5 has been paid.	
32	(b) A police officer described in subsection (a) who discovers a	
3	vehicle in violation of the registration provisions of this chapter	
34	may not impound any of the following:	
55	(1) Perishable commodities.	
66	(2) Livestock.	
37	SECTION 28. IC 9-24-1-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 7. Sections 1 through	
9	5 of this chapter do not apply to the following individuals:	
10	(1) An individual in the service of the armed forces of the United	
1	States while operating an official motor vehicle in that service.	
12	(2) An individual while operating: a:	



1	(A) a road roller;	
2	(B) road construction or maintenance machinery, except where	
3	the road roller or machinery is required to be registered under	
4	Indiana law;	
5	(C) a ditch digging apparatus;	
6	(D) a well drilling apparatus;	
7	(E) a concrete mixer; or	
8	(F) a farm tractor or an implement of husbandry; agriculture	
9	designed to be operated primarily in a farm field or on	4
10	farm premises;	4
11	that is being temporarily drawn, moved, or propelled on an	
12	Indiana public highway.	
13	(3) A nonresident who:	
14	(A) is at least sixteen (16) years and one (1) month of age; and	
15	(B) has in the nonresident's immediate possession a valid	
16	operator's license that was issued to the nonresident in the	4
17	nonresident's home state or country;	
18	while operating a motor vehicle in Indiana only as an operator.	
19	(4) A nonresident who:	
20	(A) is at least eighteen (18) years of age; and	
21	(B) has in the nonresident's immediate possession a valid	
22	chauffeur's license that was issued to the nonresident in the	
23	nonresident's home state or country;	
24	while operating a motor vehicle upon a public highway, either as	
25	an operator or a chauffeur.	
26	(5) A nonresident who:	
27	(A) is at least eighteen (18) years of age; and	
28	(B) has in the nonresident's immediate possession a valid	
29	license issued by the nonresident's home state for the operation	
30	of any motor vehicle upon a public highway when in use as a	
31	public passenger carrying vehicle;	
32	while operating a motor vehicle upon a public highway.	
33	(6) A nonresident whose home state or country does not require	
34	the licensing of operators or chauffeurs and who has not been	
35	licensed as an operator or a chauffeur in the nonresident's home	
36	state or country as an operator if the nonresident is at least sixteen	
37	(16) years and thirty (30) days of age and less than eighteen (18)	
38	years of age or as a chauffeur if the nonresident is at least	
39	eighteen (18) years of age, for not more than sixty (60) days in	
40	any one (1) year if the following conditions exist:	
41	(A) The unlicensed nonresident is the owner of the motor	
42	vehicle or the authorized driver of the vehicle.	



1	(B) The vehicle has been registered for the current year in the	
2	state or country of which the owner is a resident.	
3	(C) The motor vehicle at all times displays a registration plate	
4	issued in the home state or country of the owner.	
5	(D) The nonresident owner or driver has in the owner's or	
6	driver's immediate possession a registration card evidencing	
7	ownership and registration in the owner's or driver's home	
8	state or country or is able at any required time or place to do	
9	the following:	
10	(i) Prove lawful possession or the right to operate the motor	
11	vehicle.	
12	(ii) Establish the nonresident's proper identity.	
13	(7) An individual who is legally licensed to operate a motor	
14	vehicle in the state of the individual's residence and who is	
15	employed in Indiana, subject to the restrictions imposed by the	
16	state of the individual's residence.	
17	(8) A new resident of Indiana who possesses an unexpired driver's	
18	license issued by the resident's former state of residence, for a	
19	period of sixty (60) days after becoming a resident of Indiana.	
20	(9) An individual who is an engineer, a conductor, a brakeman, or	
21	another member of the crew of a locomotive or a train that is	
22	being operated upon rails, including the operation of the	
23	locomotive or the train on a crossing over a street or a highway.	
24	An individual described in this subdivision is not required to	
25	display a license to a law enforcement officer in connection with	
26	the operation of a locomotive or a train in Indiana.	
27	SECTION 29. IC 9-29-5-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 11. (a) This section	
29	does not apply to a vehicle or person exempted from registration under	
30	IC 9-18.	
31	(b) The license fee for a motor vehicle that has: (1) a corn sheller;	
32	(2) a well driller; (3) a hay press; (4) a clover huller; (5) a farm wagon	
33	type liquid fertilizer tank trailer; or (6) farm machinery; that is	
34	permanently mounted on the motor vehicle and used solely for	
35	transporting the equipment piece of special machinery is five dollars	
36	(\$5). The motor vehicle is exempt from other fees provided under	
37	IC 9-18 or this article.	
38	(c) The license fee for a farm wagon used for transporting farm	
39	products and farm supplies in connection with a farming operation is	
40	five dollars (\$5). The farm wagon is exempt from other fees provided	
41	under IC 9-18 or this article.	
42	(d) The license fee for a farm type dry or liquid fertilizer tank trailer	



1	or spreader or implement of husbandry used to transport bulk fertilizer
2	between distribution point and farm and return is five dollars (\$5). The
3	trailer, spreader, or implement is exempt from the other fees provided
4	under IC 9-18 or this article.
5	(e) (c) The owner of a vehicle listed in this section is not entitled to
6	a reduction in the five dollar (\$5) license fee because the license is
7	granted at a time that the license period is less than a year.
8	SECTION 30. IC 9-29-5-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 12. A farm wagon or
10	farm type dry or liquid fertilizer tank trailer or spreader used to
11	transport bulk fertilizer between distribution point and farm and return
12	is exempt from all license fees when the wagon, trailer, or spreader is
13	drawn or towed on a highway by a:
14	(1) farm tractor; or
15	(2) properly registered motor vehicle.
16	that is registered as a farm tractor used in transportation.
17	SECTION 31. IC 9-29-5-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 13. (a) This section
19	does not apply to a vehicle or person exempt from registration under
20	IC 9-18.
21	(b) The license fee for a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer and
22	tractor operated primarily as a farm truck, farm trailer, or farm
23	semitrailer and tractor:
24	(1) having a declared gross weight of at least eleven sixteen
25	thousand (11,000) (16,000) pounds; and
26	(2) used by the owner or guest occupant in connection with
27	agricultural pursuits usual and normal to the user's farming
28	operation;
29	is fifty percent (50%) of the amount listed in this chapter for a truck,
30	trailer, or semitrailer and tractor of the same declared gross weight.
31	(c) A farm truck, farm trailer, or farm semitrailer and tractor
32	described in subsection (b) may not be operated either part time or
33	incidentally in the conduct of a commercial enterprise or for the
34	transportation of farm products after the commodities have entered the
35	channels of commerce.
36	(d) A farm truck described in subsection (b) may be used for
37	personal purposes if the vehicle otherwise qualifies for that class of
38	registration.
39	SECTION 32. IC 9-29-5-42 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 42. (a) Except as
41	provided in subsection (c), vehicles not subject to IC 9-18-2-8 shall be
42	registered at one-half (1/2) of the regular rate, subject to IC 9-18-2-7,



I	if the vehicle is registered after July 31 of any year. This subsection
2	does not apply to the following:
3	(1) A farm tractor. used in transportation.
4	(2) (1) Special farm machinery.
5	(3) (2) Semitrailers registered on a five (5) year or permanent
6	basis under IC 9-18-10-2.
7	(3) An implement of agriculture designed to be operated
8	primarily on a highway.
9	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), subsection (a) and
10	IC 9-18-2-7 determine the registration fee for the registration of a
11	vehicle subject to registration under IC 9-18-2-8(c), IC 9-18-2-8(d),
12	and IC 9-18-2-8(e) and acquired by an owner subsequent to the date
13	required for the annual registration of vehicles by an owner set forth in
14	IC 9-18-2-8.
15	(c) Subject to subsection (d), a vehicle subject to the International
16	Registration Plan that is registered after September 30 shall be
17	registered at a rate determined by the following formula:
18	STEP ONE: Determine the number of months before April 1 of
19	the following year beginning with the date of registration. A
20	partial month shall be rounded to one (1) month.
21	STEP TWO: Multiply the STEP ONE result by one-twelfth
22	(1/12).
23	STEP THREE: Multiply the annual registration fee for the vehicle
24	by the STEP TWO result.
25	(d) If the department of state revenue adopts rules under IC 9-18-2-7
26	to implement staggered registration for motor vehicles subject to the
27	International Registration Plan, a motor vehicle subject to the
28	International Registration Plan that is registered after the date
29	designated for registration of the motor vehicle in rules adopted under
30	IC 9-17-2-7 IC 9-18-2-7 shall be registered at a rate determined by the
31	following formula:
32	STEP ONE: Determine the number of months before the motor
33	vehicle must be re-registered. A partial month shall be rounded to
34	one (1) month.
35	STEP TWO: Multiply the STEP ONE result by one-twelfth
36	(1/12).
37	STEP THREE: Multiply the annual registration fee for the vehicle
38	by the STEP TWO result.
39	SECTION 33. IC 13-11-2-245 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 245. (a) "Vehicle", for
41	purposes of IC 13-17-5, refers to a vehicle required to be registered
42	with the bureau of motor vehicles and required to have brakes. The



1	term does not include the following:
2	(1) Farm tractors.
3	(2) Implements of husbandry.
4	(3) Farm tractors used in transportation.
5	(4) (1) Mobile homes (house trailers).
6	(5) (2) Trailers weighing not more than three thousand (3,000)
7	pounds.
8	(6) (3) Antique motor vehicles.
9	(4) Special machinery (as defined in IC 9-13-2-170.3).
10	(b) "Vehicle", for purposes of IC 13-18-12, means a device used to
11	transport a tank.
12	(c) "Vehicle", for purposes of IC 13-20-4, refers to a municipal
13	waste collection and transportation vehicle.
14	(d) "Vehicle", for purposes of IC 13-20-13-7, means a motor vehicle
15	and types of equipment, machinery, implements, or other devices used
16	in transportation, manufacturing, agriculture, construction, or mining.
17	The term does not include the following:
18	(1) A lawn and garden tractor that is propelled by a motor of not
19	more than twenty (20) twenty-five (25) horsepower.
20	(2) A semitrailer.
21	(e) "Vehicle", for purposes of IC 13-20-14, has the meaning set forth
22	in IC 9-13-2-196.
23	SECTION 34. IC 26-1-9.1-311 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 311. (a) Except as
25	otherwise provided in subsection (d), the filing of a financing statement
26	is not necessary or effective to perfect a security interest in property
27	subject to:
28	(1) a statute, regulation, or treaty of the United States whose
29	requirements for a security interest's obtaining priority over the
30	rights of a lien creditor with respect to the property preempt
31	IC 26-1-9.1-310(a);
32	(2) any Indiana certificate-of-title statute covering automobiles,
33	trailers, mobile homes, or boats, farm tractors or the like, which
34	provides for a security interest to be indicated on the certificate as
35	a condition or result of perfection; or
36	(3) a certificate-of-title statute of another jurisdiction which
37	provides for a security interest to be indicated on the certificate as
38	a condition or result of the security interest's obtaining priority
39	over the rights of a lien creditor with respect to the property.
40	(b) Compliance with the requirements of a statute, regulation, or
41	treaty described in subsection (a) for obtaining priority over the rights
42.	of a lien creditor is equivalent to the filing of a financing statement



under IC 26-1-9.1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d),
IC 26-1-9.1-313, IC 26-1-9.1-316(d), and IC 26-1-9.1-316(e) for goods
covered by a certificate of title, a security interest in property subject
to a statute, regulation, or treaty described in subsection (a) may be
perfected only by compliance with those requirements, and a security
interest so perfected remains perfected notwithstanding a change in the
use or transfer of possession of the collateral.
(c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d),
IC 26-1-9.1-316(d), and IC 26-1-9.1-316(e), duration and renewal of

- (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d), IC 26-1-9.1-316(d), and IC 26-1-9.1-316(e), duration and renewal of perfection of a security interest perfected by compliance with the requirements prescribed by a statute, regulation, or treaty described in subsection (a) are governed by the statute, regulation, or treaty. In other respects, the security interest is subject to IC 26-1-9.1.
- (d) During any period in which collateral, subject to a statute specified in subsection (a)(2), is inventory held for sale or lease by a person or leased by that person as lessor, and that person is in the business of selling goods of that kind, this section does not apply to a security interest in that collateral created by that person, but instead, the filing provisions of IC 26-1-9.1-501 through IC 26-1-9.1-527 apply.

SECTION 35. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: IC 6-6-2.5-11; IC 9-13-2-55; IC 9-13-2-57; IC 9-13-2-169; IC 9-29-5-19.

SECTION 36. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) Notwithstanding IC 9-13-2-77(b), as added by this act, the bureau of motor vehicles shall carry out the duties imposed upon it under IC 9-13-2-77(b), as added by this act, under interim written guidelines approved by the commissioner of motor vehicles.

- (b) This SECTION expires on the earlier of the following:
  - (1) The date rules are adopted under IC 9-13-2-77(b), as added by this act.
  - (2) December 31, 2006.

SECTION 37. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005] (a) Notwithstanding IC 9-29-5-13, as amended by this act, the requirement that a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer and tractor must have a declared gross weight of at least sixteen thousand (16,000) pounds in order to be categorized as a farm truck, farm trailer, or farm semitrailer and tractor does not apply to a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer and tractor before January 1, 2006.

(b) This SECTION expires December 31, 2006.

SECTION 38. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The bureau of motor vehicles shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to identify and define "farm truck", "farm trailer", and "farm semitrailer and









1	tractor", as required by IC 9-13-2-58.	
2	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the bureau of motor vehicles	
3	shall carry out the duties imposed on it by IC 9-13-2-58 and by this	
4	SECTION under interim written guidelines approved by the	
5	commissioner of motor vehicles.	
6	(c) This SECTION expires on the earlier of the following:	
7	(1) The date rules are adopted under IC 9-13-2-58.	
8	(2) December 31, 2006.	
9	SECTION 39. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) As used in this	
10	SECTION, "common carrier" has the meaning set forth in	
11	IC 8-2.1-17-4.	
12	(b) As used in this SECTION, "contract carrier" has the	
13	meaning set forth in IC 8-2.1-17-5.	
14	(c) As used in this SECTION, "person" includes an employee or	
15	a family member of a farmer.	
16	(d) Notwithstanding IC 9-24-6-2(c), the bureau of motor vehicles	
17	shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to exempt a person who operates	
18	a farm vehicle:	
19	(1) that is controlled and operated by a farmer;	
20	(2) that is used to transport:	
21	(A) agricultural products;	
22	(B) farm machinery; or	
23	(C) farm supplies;	
24	to or from a farm;	
25	(3) that is not used in the operations of a common or contract	
26	motor carrier; and	
27	(4) that is used within one hundred fifty (150) miles of the	
28	farmer's farm;	V
29	from regulation as a person required to hold a commercial driver's	
30	license in order to operate a farm vehicle.	
31	(e) The bureau of motor vehicles shall carry out the duties	
32	imposed on it by IC 9-24-6-2(c) and by this SECTION under	
33	interim written guidelines approved by the commissioner of motor	
34	vehicles.	
35	(f) This SECTION expires on the earlier of the following:	
36	(1) The date rules are adopted under IC 9-24-6-2(c).	
37	(2) December 31, 2006.	
38	SECTION 40. An emergency is declared for this act.	

